# **Test Booklet Code**

# **NAKHA**

No.:

**F3** 

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

# Important Instructions:

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **F3**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Car	ndidate (in Capitals) :	
Roll Number	: in figures	
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- 1. For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct**?
  - (1) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
  - (2) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
  - (3) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
  - (4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
- 2. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of  $3.2 \times 10^{-7}$  C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

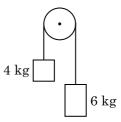
$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1)  $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- (2)  $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- (3)  $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- (4)  $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
- 3. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
  - (1)  $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
  - (2)  $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
  - (3)  $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
  - (4)  $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
- **4.** Dimensions of stress are :
  - (1)  $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
  - (2)  $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
  - $(3) \qquad [MLT^{-2}]$
  - (4)  $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
- **5.** A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- (1) 0.5 mm
- (2) 1.0 mm
- (3) 0.01 mm
- (4) 0.25 mm

6. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:

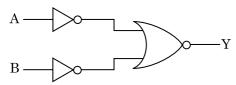


- (1) g/5
- (2) g/10
- (3) g
- (4) g/2
- 7. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is  $1.227 \times 10^{-2}$  nm, the potential difference is:
  - (1)  $10^3 \, \text{V}$
  - (2)  $10^4 \, \text{V}$
  - (3) 10 V
  - (4)  $10^2 \, \text{V}$
- 8. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m<sup>3</sup>, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
  - (1) 1 N/C
  - (2) 5 N/C
  - (3) zero
  - (4) 0.5 N/C
- **9.** A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is:  $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$ 

- (1)  $0.1 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (2)  $0.02 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (3)  $0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (4)  $0.2 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- 10. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
  - $(1) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, \operatorname{n}^2 \pi \mathrm{d}^2}$
  - (2)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, \mathrm{n}^2 \pi^2 \mathrm{d}^2}$
  - (3)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}\pi d}$
  - $(4) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, \operatorname{n} \pi \mathrm{d}^2}$

- 11. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is:  $(g=10 \text{ m/s}^2)$ 
  - (1) 320 m
  - (2) 300 m
  - (3) 360 m
  - (4) 340 m
- **12.** For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:

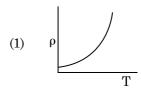


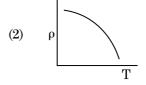
- (1) A B Y 0 0 1 0 1
  - 1 0 1
- 1 1 0 (2) A B Y
- $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ 
  - 0 1 0
  - 1 0 0
- 1 1 0 (3) A B Y
  - 0 0 0
    - 0 1 0
    - 1 0 0
  - 1 1 1
- (4) A B Y
  - $egin{array}{cccc} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array}$
  - 1 0 1
  - 1 1 1
- 13. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of  $16\times10^{-9}$  C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

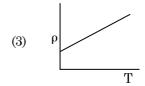
$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

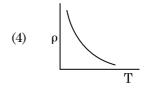
- (1) 400 V
- (2) zero
- (3) 50 V
- (4) 200 V

- 14. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
  - (1) 10.0 g
  - (2) 20.0 g
  - (3) 2.5 g
  - (4) 5.0 g
- 15. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity  $(\rho)$  with temperature (T) for copper?









- 16. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c = speed of electromagnetic waves)
  - (1) 1: c
  - (2)  $1:c^2$
  - (3) c:1
  - (4) 1:1
- 17. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1)  $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2)  $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (3)  $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4)  $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$

- **18.** For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?
  - (1) Deuteron atom
  - (2) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne<sup>+</sup>)
  - (3) Hydrogen atom
  - (4) Singly ionised helium atom (He<sup>+</sup>)
- 19. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
  - (1)  $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (2)  $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (3)  $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (4)  $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- **20.** Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m 0.0099 m?
  - (1) 9.980 m
  - (2) 9.9 m
  - (3) 9.9801 m
  - (4) 9.98 m
- 21. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
  - (1) 536 Hz
  - (2) 537 Hz
  - (3) 523 Hz
  - (4) 524 Hz
- 22. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ . If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
  - (1) 1.0
  - (2) -1.0
  - (3) zero
  - (4) 0.5

- 23. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii  ${\bf r}_1$  and  ${\bf r}_2$  ( ${\bf r}_1$ =1.5  ${\bf r}_2$ ) through 1 K are in the ratio:
  - $(1) \qquad \frac{3}{2}$
  - (2)  $\frac{5}{3}$
  - (3)  $\frac{27}{8}$
  - (4)  $\frac{9}{4}$
- **24.** The Brewsters angle  $i_b$  for an interface should be:
  - (1)  $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$
  - (2)  $i_b = 90^{\circ}$
  - (3)  $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
  - (4)  $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
- 25. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
  - (1) isochoric
  - (2) isobaric
  - (3) isothermal
  - (4) adiabatic
- 26. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m $^{-1}$ . The permeability of the material of the rod is:

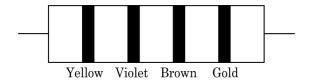
$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (2)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (3)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (4)  $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- 27. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6  $\mu F$ . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30  $\mu F$ . The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1)  $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2)  $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3)  $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4)  $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$

- 28. A charged particle having drift velocity of  $7.5\times10^{-4}$  m s<sup>-1</sup> in an electric field of  $3\times10^{-10}$  Vm<sup>-1</sup>, has a mobility in m<sup>2</sup> V<sup>-1</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> of:
  - (1)  $2.5 \times 10^{-6}$
  - (2)  $2.25 \times 10^{-15}$
  - (3)  $2.25 \times 10^{15}$
  - (4)  $2.5 \times 10^6$
- **29.** The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- (1)  $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (2)  $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (3)  $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (4)  $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- **30.** The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
  - (1) semiconductors only
  - (2) insulators and semiconductors
  - (3) metals
  - (4) insulators only
- **31.** A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
  - (1) 30 N
  - (2) 24 N
  - (3) 48 N
  - (4) 32 N
- 32. A 40  $\mu F$  capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly:
  - (1) 2.5 A
  - (2) 25.1 A
  - (3) 1.7 A
  - (4) 2.05 A

- **33.** The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
  - (1)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  rad
  - (2) zero
  - (3)  $\pi \operatorname{rad}$
  - (4)  $\frac{3\pi}{2}$  rad
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{34.} & The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas \\ is: (k_B is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute \\ temperature) \\ \end{tabular}$ 
  - $(1) \qquad \frac{5}{2} \, k_B T$
  - $(2) \qquad \frac{7}{2} \,\, k_B T$
  - (3)  $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
  - (4)  $\frac{3}{2} k_{\rm B} T$
- 35. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
  - (1) one-fourth
  - (2) zero
  - (3) doubled
  - (4) four times
- 36. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to  $L_1$  when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:
  - $(1) \qquad \frac{\mathrm{MgL}}{\mathrm{AL}_1}$
  - $(2) \qquad \frac{\mathrm{MgL}}{\mathrm{A(L_1-L)}}$
  - (3)  $\frac{\text{MgL}_1}{\text{AL}}$
  - $(4) \qquad \frac{\text{Mg}(L_1 L)}{\text{AL}}$

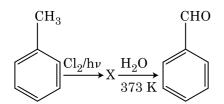
- A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
  - (1) μA
  - (2)  $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
  - $(3) \qquad \frac{A}{2\mu}$
  - (4)  $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
- 38. Find the torque about the origin when a force of 3j N acts on a particle whose position vector is 2k m.
  - (1)  $-6\hat{i}$  N m
  - (2)  $6\stackrel{\wedge}{k}$  N m
  - (3)  $6\hat{i}$  N m
  - (4)  $6\hat{j}$  N m
- **39.** In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
  - (1) four times
  - (2) one-fourth
  - (3) double
  - (4) half
- 40. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is  $10^{-20}$  J. This value in eV is nearly :
  - (1) 0.06
  - (2) 0.006
  - (3) 6
  - (4) 0.6
- 41. When a uranium isotope  $^{235}_{92}U$  is bombarded with a neutron, it generates  $^{89}_{36}Kr$ , three neutrons and:
  - (1)  $^{101}_{36}$ Kr
  - (2)  $^{103}_{36}$ Kr
  - (3)  $^{144}_{56}$ Ba
  - (4)  ${}^{91}_{40}$ Zr

42. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

- (1) 67 cm
- (2) 80 cm
- (3) 33 cm
- (4) 50 cm
- 43. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm<sup>2</sup> falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm<sup>2</sup>. The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
  - (1)  $24 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (2)  $48 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (3)  $10 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (4)  $12 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
- 44. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
  - (1) both forward bias and reverse bias
  - (2) increase in forward current
  - (3) forward bias only
  - (4) reverse bias only
- 45. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10  $\Omega$  resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1  $\Omega$  of the resistance wire is:
  - (1)  $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
  - (2)  $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
  - (3)  $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
  - (4)  $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$

**46.** Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:



$$(1) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{CHCl}_2 \\ \\ \end{array}$$

- 47. Identify a molecule which does **not** exist.
  - (1)  $C_2$
  - $(2) \qquad {\rm O}_2$
  - (3) He<sub>2</sub>
  - (4) Li<sub>2</sub>
- **48.** Which of the following is a natural polymer?
  - (1) polybutadiene
  - (2) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
  - (3) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
  - (4) poly (Butadiene-styrene)

- **49.** An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
  - (1) threshold energy
  - (2) collision frequency
  - (3) activation energy
  - (4) heat of reaction
- **50.** Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

$$(1) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} + \text{C}_2 \text{H}_5 \text{I}$$

$$(2) \hspace{1cm} + \mathrm{C_2H_5OH}$$

(3) 
$$OH$$
  $+ CH_3I$ 

(4) 
$$+ CH_3OH$$

- 51. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in  $^{175}_{\ 71} Lu$  , respectively, are :
  - (1) 71, 71 and 104
  - (2) 175, 104 and 71
  - (3) 71, 104 and 71
  - (4) 104, 71 and 71

 $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$ 

(iii)

(iii)

(ii)

(i)

(4)

(iv)

(iv)

- **61.** Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:
  - (1) Tert. butyl alcohol
  - (2) Isobutyl alcohol
  - (3) Isopropyl alcohol
  - (4) Sec. butyl alcohol
- **62.** Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?

$$(1) \qquad \qquad \begin{matrix} N(CH_3)_2 \\ \\ \end{matrix}$$

$$(2) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{NHC}_2 \text{H}_5 \\ \\ \end{array}$$

$$(3) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{NH}_2 \\ \\ \end{array}$$

**63.** An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:

$$\mathrm{CH}_2 - \mathrm{CH} = \mathrm{CH}_2$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH_2CH_2CH_3} \\ \\ \end{array} \tag{2}$$

$$CH = CH - CH_3$$
(3)

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH}_2 - \operatorname{CH}_2 - \operatorname{CH}_3 \\ \end{array} \tag{4}$$

64. A mixture of  $N_2$  and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of  $N_2$  and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of  $N_2$  is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol  $^{-1}$ ): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 15 bar
- (2) 18 bar
- (3) 9 bar
- (4) 12 bar

- **65.** Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
  - (1)  $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
  - (2)  $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
  - (3)  $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
  - (4)  $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
- **66.** Paper chromatography is an example of:
  - (1) Thin layer chromatography
  - (2) Column chromatography
  - (3) Adsorption chromatography
  - (4) Partition chromatography
- **67.** Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
  - (1)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
  - (2)  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
  - (3)  $\beta$ -D-Glucose +  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose
  - (4)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Glucose
- 68. The rate constant for a first order reaction is  $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ . The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
  - (1) 500 s
  - (2) 1000 s
  - (3) 100 s
  - (4) 200 s
- **69.** Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
  - (1) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
  - (2) Cross Aldol condensation
  - (3) Aldol condensation
  - (4) Cannizzaro's reaction
- **70.** Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?
  - (1) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (2) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
  - (3) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
  - (4) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.

**71.** Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

 $\mathbf{Sucrose} + \mathbf{H}_2\mathbf{O} \mathop{\Longrightarrow}\limits_{} \mathbf{Glucose} + \mathbf{Fructose}$ 

If the equilibrium constant  $(K_c)$  is  $2\times 10^{13}$  at 300 K, the value of  $\Delta_r G^{\ominus}$  at the same temperature will be :

- (1)  $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (2)  $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (3)  $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (4)  $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- **72.** HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl<sub>2</sub>, MgCl<sub>2</sub> and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
  - (1) Only MgCl<sub>2</sub>
  - (2) NaCl, MgCl<sub>2</sub> and CaCl<sub>2</sub>
  - (3) Both MgCl<sub>2</sub> and CaCl<sub>2</sub>
  - (4) Only NaCl
- 73. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:
  - (1)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
  - (2)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
  - (3)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
  - $(4) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- **74.** Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage?
  - (1)  $H_2S_2O_8$ , peroxodisulphuric acid
  - (2)  $H_2S_2O_7$ , pyrosulphuric acid
  - (3)  $H_2SO_3$ , sulphurous acid
  - (4)  $H_2SO_4$ , sulphuric acid

- 75. Identify the **incorrect** statement.
  - (1) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
  - (2) The oxidation states of chromium in  ${\rm Cr}{\rm O}_4^{2-}$  and  ${\rm Cr}_2{\rm O}_7^{2-}$  are not the same.
  - (3)  $\operatorname{Cr}^{2+}(d^4)$  is a stronger reducing agent than  $\operatorname{Fe}^{2+}(d^6)$  in water.
  - (4) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
- **76.** Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
  - (1) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
  - (2) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
  - (3) Sodium lauryl sulphate
  - (4) Sodium stearate
- 77. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
  - (1)  $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
  - (2)  $q > 0, \Delta T > 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
  - (3)  $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
  - (4)  $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
- 78. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
  - (1)  $H_2S$  gas
  - (2)  $SO_2$  gas
  - (3) Hydrogen gas
  - (4) Oxygen gas
- **79.** Identify the **correct** statement from the following:
  - (1) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
  - (2) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
  - (3) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
  - (4) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of  ${\rm CO}_2$ .

- **80.** Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
  - (1) Tyrosine
  - (2) Lysine
  - (3) Serine
  - (4) Alanine
- 81. Identify the incorrect match.

## **IUPAC Official Name** Name Unnilunium Mendelevium (a) (b) Unniltrium Lawrencium (ii)Unnilhexium Seaborgium (c) (iii) (d) Unununnium (iv) Darmstadtium (c), (iii) (1) (2)(d), (iv) (3)(a), (i) (b), (ii) (4)

- **82.** Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
  - (1) n-Heptane
  - (2) n-Butane
  - (3) n-Hexane
  - (4) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
- **83.** Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
  - (a) β-Elimination reaction
  - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
  - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
  - (d) Dehydration reaction
  - (1) (b), (c), (d)
  - (2) (a), (b), (d)
  - (3) (a), (b), (c)
  - (4) (a), (c), (d)
- 84. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten  $CaCl_2$  (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol<sup>-1</sup>) is:
  - (1) 3
  - (2) 4
  - (3) 1
  - (4) 2

- **85.** Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
  - (1)  $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g) \text{ [Atomic mass of } O = 16]$
  - (2) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
  - (3) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
  - (4) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
- 86. For the reaction,  $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$ , the **correct** option is :
  - (1)  $\Delta_r H < 0$  and  $\Delta_r S > 0$
  - (2)  $\Delta_r H < 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
  - (3)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S > 0$
  - (4)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
- 87. Identify the **correct** statements from the following:
  - (a)  ${\rm CO}_2({\rm g})$  is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
  - (b) The structure of  ${\rm C}_{60}$  contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
  - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
  - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
  - (1) (b) and (c) only
  - (2) (c) and (d) only
  - (3) (a), (b) and (c) only
  - (4) (a) and (c) only
- **88.** Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
  - (1) Stability of the colloidal particles
  - (2) Size of the colloidal particles
  - (3) Viscosity
  - (4) Solubility
- **89.** What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

$$\operatorname{CH}_4(\mathsf{g}) + 4\operatorname{Cl}_2(\mathsf{g}) \longrightarrow \operatorname{CCl}_4(\mathsf{l}) + 4\operatorname{HCl}(\mathsf{g})$$

- (1) -4 to +4
- (2) 0 to -4
- (3) + 4 to + 4
- (4) 0 to + 4

- 90. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
  - (1) Calcium
  - (2) Potassium
  - (3) Iron

(4)

(4)

(iii)

(ii)

(i)

(i)

(iv)

**12** 

- (4) Copper
- **91.** Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?
  - (1) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
  - (2) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
  - (3) Uremia and Ketonuria
  - (4) Uremia and Renal Calculi
- **92.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II				
(a)	Place	enta		(i)	Androgens				
(b)	Zona	Zona pellucida			Human Chorionic				
					Gonadotropin				
					(hCG)				
(c)	Bulb	o-uretl	hral	(iii)	Layer of the ovum				
	gland	ds							
(d)	Leyd	lig cells	s	(iv)	Lubrication of the				
					Penis				
	(a)	(b)	<b>(c)</b>	(d)					
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)					
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)					
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)					

**93.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

(ii)

(iii)

### Column - I Column - II Bt cotton Gene therapy (i) (a) Cellular defence (b) Adenosine (ii) deaminase deficiency RNAi (iii) Detection of HIV (c) infection (d) **PCR** (iv) **Bacillus** thuringiensis (b) (d) (a) **(c)** (1) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (2)(i) (iii) (iv) (ii) (3)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii)

(iv)

- **94.** The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed :
  - (1) Palindromic sequence
  - (2) Recognition site
  - (3) Selectable marker
  - (4) Ori site
- **95.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

#### Column - I Column - II 6 - 15 pairs of (a) (i) Trygon gill slits Heterocercal Cyclostomes (b) (ii) caudal fin Air Bladder (c) (iii) Chondrichthyes Poison sting Osteichthyes (d) (iv) (a) (b) **(c)** (d) (1) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i) (2)(i) (iv) (iii) (ii) (3)(ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (4) (iii) (iv) (i)

- **96.** In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?
  - (1) ICSI and ZIFT
  - (2) GIFT and ICSI
  - (3) ZIFT and IUT
  - (4) GIFT and ZIFT
- **97.** Select the **correct** events that occur during inspiration.
  - (a) Contraction of diaphragm
  - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
  - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
  - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
  - (1) (a), (b) and (d)
  - (2) only (d)
  - (3) (a) and (b)
  - (4) (c) and (d)
- **98.** The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents:
  - (1) Depolarisation of ventricles
  - (2) Repolarisation of ventricles
  - (3) Repolarisation of auricles
  - (4) Depolarisation of auricles

- **99.** The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :
  - (1) caseinogen into casein

13

- (2) pepsinogen into pepsin
- (3) protein into polypeptides
- (4) trypsinogen into trypsin
- **100.** Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
  - (1) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
  - (2) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
  - (3) Ileum opens into small intestine.
  - (4) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
- **101.** Ray florets have:
  - (1) Hypogynous ovary
  - (2) Half inferior ovary
  - (3) Inferior ovary
  - (4) Superior ovary
- **102.** Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment?
  - (1) Effluents of primary treatment
  - (2) Activated sludge
  - (3) Primary sludge
  - (4) Floating debris
- **103.** The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is :
  - (1) Two
  - (2) Three
  - (3) Zero
  - (4) One
- 104. Identify the **correct** statement with regard to  $G_1$  phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
  - (1) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
  - (2) Nuclear Division takes place.
  - (3) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
  - (4) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.

- **105.** Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?
  - (1) Anabaena and Volvox
  - (2) Chlorella and Spirulina
  - (3) Laminaria and Sargassum
  - (4) Gelidium and Gracilaria
- **106.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.
  - (1) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
  - (2) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
  - (3) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
  - (4) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
- **107.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II				
(a)	Float	Floating Ribs			Located between second and seventh ribs				
(b)	Acro	mion		(ii)	Head of the Humerus				
(c)	Scap	ula		(iii)	Clavicle				
(d)	Glen	oid cav	vity	(iv)	Do not connect with the sternum				
	(a)	(b)	<b>(c)</b>	(d)					
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)					
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)					
(3)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)					
(4)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)					

- 108. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
  - (1) Lysine
  - (2) Valine
  - (3) Tyrosine
  - (4) Glutamic Acid

- **109.** The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other:
  - (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
  - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
  - (c) Seed inside the fruit
  - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
  - (1) (c) and (d)
  - (2) (a) and (d)
  - (3) (a) only
  - (4) (a), (b) and (c)
- **110.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
  - (1) Higher  $\mathrm{H}^+$  conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (2) Low  $pCO_2$  in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (3) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of  $O_2$ .
  - (4) Partial pressure of  $CO_2$  can interfere with  $O_2$  binding with haemoglobin.
- **111.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	1								
	Colu	ı <b>mn</b> - ]	I		Column - II				
(a)	Orga	n of Co	orti	(i)	Connects middle				
					ear and pharynx				
(b)	Coch	lea		(ii)	Coiled part of the				
					labyrinth				
(c)	Eust	achian	tube	(iii)	Attached to the				
					oval window				
(d)	Stape	es		(iv)	Located on the				
					basilar				
					membrane				
	(a)	(b)	<b>(c)</b>	(d)					
(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)					
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)					
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)					
(4)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)					

- 112. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
  - (1) Ethylene
  - (2) Abscisic acid
  - (3) Cytokinin
  - (4) Gibberellin

- The roots that originate from the base of the stem are: Prop roots (1) (2)Lateral roots (3)Fibrous roots Primary roots (4)
- If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because:
  - the head holds a small proportion of a nervous (1) system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
  - the head holds a 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of a nervous system (2)while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
  - the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the (3)cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
  - the cockroach does not have nervous system. (4)
- 115. Strobili or cones are found in:
  - (1) Marchantia
  - (2)Equisetum
  - (3)Salvinia
  - (4) Pteris
- 116. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during:
  - (1) Diplotene
  - (2)Leptotene
  - (3)Pachytene
  - (4)Zygotene
- 117. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	Column - II						
(a)	Typh	oid		(i)	Wuchereria				
(b)	Pneu	ımonia	ι	(ii)	Plasmodium				
(c)	Filar	iasis		(iii)	Salmonella				
(d)	Mala	ıria		(iv)	${\it Hae mophilus}$				
		(b)	(c)	(d)					
	(a)	(0)	(0)	(u)					
(1)	(a) (ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)					
(1) (2)	` '								
` '	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)					
(2)	(ii) (iv)	(i) (i)	(iii) (ii)	(iv) (iii)					

118. The first phase of translation is:

15

- (1) Aminoacylation of tRNA
- (2)Recognition of an anti-codon
- (3)Binding of mRNA to ribosome
- (4) Recognition of DNA molecule
- 119. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	0,000	tridiur licum	n	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
(b)		hodern sporun		(ii)	Butyric Acid
(c)		ascus oureus		(iii)	Citric Acid
(d)	Aspe	ergillus	sniger	(iv)	Blood cholesterol lowering agent
	(a)	(b)	<b>(c)</b>	(d)	
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	

- **120.** The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of:
  - $1\,molecule\,of\,6\text{-}C\,compound$ (1)
  - 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule (2)of 2-C compound
  - (3)2 molecules of 3-C compound
  - 1 molecule of 3-C compound (4)
- 121. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants:
  - (a) Iron (i) Photolysis of water (b) Zinc (ii) Pollen germination (c) Boron (iii) Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis (d) Manganese (iv) IAA biosynthesis
  - Select the **correct** option: (h)

	(a)	(a)	(C)	(a)
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)

F3 16

- **122.** Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
  - (1) DNA polymerase
  - (2) RNA polymerase
  - (3) DNA ligase
  - (4) DNA helicase
- **123.** From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
  - (1) CH<sub>4</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub> and water vapor at 600°C
  - (2) CH<sub>3</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub> and water vapor at 600°C
  - (3)  $CH_4$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_3$  and water vapor at  $800^{\circ}C$
  - (4)  $CH_3$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_4$  and water vapor at  $800^{\circ}C$
- **124.** Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
  - (1) Chondrocytes
  - (2) Compound epithelial cells
  - (3) Squamous epithelial cells
  - (4) Columnar epithelial cells
- **125.** Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :
  - (1) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
  - (2) eustachian tube
  - (3) lining of intestine
  - (4) ducts of salivary glands
- **126.** In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :
  - (1) PS-I to NADP+
  - (2) PS-I to ATP synthase
  - (3) PS-II to  $Cytb_6f$  complex
  - (4) Cytb<sub>6</sub>f complex to PS-I
- 127. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is  $6.6\times10^9$  bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
  - (1) 2.2 meters
  - (2) 2.7 meters
  - (3) 2.0 meters
  - (4) 2.5 meters

- **128.** Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?
  - (1) Golgi bodies
  - (2) Polysomes
  - (3) Endoplasmic reticulum
  - (4) Peroxisomes
- 129. Which of the following statements is **not** correct?
  - (1) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
  - (2) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
  - (3) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
  - (4) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
- 130. Identify the incorrect statement.
  - (1) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
  - (2) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
  - (3) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
  - (4) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
- **131.** Floridean starch has structure similar to:
  - (1) Mannitol and algin
  - (2) Laminarin and cellulose
  - (3) Starch and cellulose
  - (4) Amylopectin and glycogen
- **132.** Match the following with respect to meiosis:
  - (a) Zygotene (i) Terminalization
  - (b) Pachytene (ii) Chiasmata
  - (c) Diplotene (iii) Crossing over
  - (d) Diakinesis (iv) Synapsis

Select the **correct** option from the following:

(ii)

(i)

**(b)** (a) **(c)** (d) (1) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i) (2)(ii) (iv) (iii) (i) (3)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii)

(iii)

(iv)

(4)

17 133. Match the following columns and select the 137. Which of the following would help in prevention of correct option. diuresis? Column - I Column - II (1) Atrial natriuretic factor vasoconstriction (a) Eosinophils (i) Immune response (2)Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells (b) Basophils Phagocytosis (ii) Neutrophils Release (c) (iii) More water reabsorption due to (3)undersecretion of ADH histaminase, destructive Reabsorption of Na<sup>+</sup> and water from renal (4) enzymes tubules due to aldosterone (d) Lymphocytes (iv) Release granules containing 138. Which of the following is **correct** about viroids? histamine (1) They have DNA with protein coat. (a) (b) (c) (d) (2)They have free DNA without protein coat. (1) (i) (ii)(iv) (iii) (2)(ii) (iii) (i) (iv) (3)They have RNA with protein coat. (3)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii) (4) They have free RNA without protein coat. (4)(iv) (i) (ii) (iii) 134. The process of growth is maximum during: 139. The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is: Senescence (1) (2)Dormancy Female gametocytes (1) (3)Log phase (2)Male gametocytes (4) Lag phase (3)Trophozoites 135. Match the following: Sporozoites (4) (a) Inhibitor of catalytic (i) Ricin activity **140.** Which of the following statements is **correct**? (b) Possess peptide bonds (ii) Malonate Cell wall material in (iii) Chitin (c) Adenine pairs with thymine through three (1) fungi H-bonds. (d) Secondary metabolite (iv) Collagen (2)Adenine does not pair with thymine. Choose the **correct** option from the following: Adenine pairs with thymine through two (3)(a) (b) (c) (d) H-bonds. (1) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii) Adenine pairs with thymine through one (2)(4) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv) H-bond. (3)(ii) (iv) (iii) (i) (4)(iii) (i) (iv) (ii) 141. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage  $(G_0)$ . This process occurs at the end of: (1) Industrial melanism (1) Sphase Natural selection (2)(2)G<sub>2</sub> phase (3)Adaptive radiation (3)M phase

(4)

Convergent evolution

G<sub>1</sub> phase

(4)

- **142.** Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of :
  - (1) Release of Green House gases
  - (2) Disposal of e-wastes
  - (3) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
  - (4) Emission of ozone depleting substances
- **143.** Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
  - (1) They are useful in genetic engineering.
  - (2) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
  - (3) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
  - (4) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
- **144.** By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
  - (1) Cross breeding
  - (2) Inbreeding
  - (3) Out crossing
  - (4) Mutational breeding
- **145.** Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
  - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
  - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
  - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
  - $\begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} \beg$
  - (1) (b), (c) and (d)
  - (2) only (d)
  - (3) only (a)
  - (4) (a) and (c)
- **146.** Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
  - (1) After zygote formation
  - (2) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
  - (3) Prior to ovulation
  - (4) At the time of copulation

- **147.** In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct**?
  - (1) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
  - (2) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
  - (3) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
  - (4) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
- **148.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.
  - (1) When I<sup>A</sup> and I<sup>B</sup> are present together, they express same type of sugar.
  - (2) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
  - (3) The gene (I) has three alleles.
  - (4) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
- **149.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

## Column - I Column - II Pituitary gland (i) Grave's disease (a) (b) Thyroid gland (ii) Diabetes mellitus Adrenal gland Diabetes insipidus (c) (iii) Addison's disease (d) Pancreas (iv) **(c)** (d) (a) (b) (1) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)(2)(ii) (i) (iv) (iii) (3)(iv) (iii) (i) (ii) (4) (iii) (ii) (iv)

- **150.** According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about:
  - (1) 50 million
  - (2) 7 million
  - (3) 1.5 million
  - (4) 20 million

							1	.9							<b>F</b> 3
151.	The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at:						n the funicle	155.		ch of tance §			_		n inhibitory ?
	(1)	Nuce	ellus						(1)	(1) Phenolic acid					
	(2)	Chal	aza						(2)	Para	-ascor	bic aci	d		
	(3)	Hilu							(3)	Gibb	erellic	acid			
	(4)	Micr	opyle						(4)		isic ac				
152.	Match the following columns and select the correct option.					d select the	156.	· ·						out inclusion	
		Colu	ımn -	I		Co	lumn - II		bodi	es is <b>i</b> n	corre	ect?			
	(a)						Asterias		(1)	They	lie fre	e in th	ie cytoj	plasm	
	(b)			radial		(ii)	Scorpion		(2)		se rep olasm.	reser	it res	erve	material in
		symmetry and larva							(3)	They	are n	ot bou	nd by a	ny me	embrane.
	(c)	with bilateral symmetry Book lungs				(iii)	Ctenoplana		(4) These are involved in ingestion					stion of food	
	(d)	Bioluminescence			(iv)	Locusta			particles.						
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(=-)		157.	The	The ovary is half inferior in:					
	(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)				(1)	Sunf	lower				
	(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)				(2)	Plun	1				
	(3) (4)	(i) (iv)	(iii) (i)	(ii) (ii)	(iv) (iii)				(3)	Brin	jal				
	(4)	(IV)	(1)	(11)	(111)				(4)	Must					
153.				supp	ort fo	r evo	lution was		( )						
	(1)	pprove Char	-	rwin				158.			_				$\mathbf{rrect}$ species
	(2)	Charles Darwin Oparin								amples in grassland ecosystem.					
	(3)	_	Karl Ernst von Baer						(a)	Fourth trophic level (i) Crow			Crow		
	(4)	Alfre	ed Wal	lace					(b)	Second trophic level (ii) Vultur			Vulture		
154.	Mate	ch the	organism with its use in biotechnology.			(c)	First trophic level (iii) Rabbit				Rabbit				
	(a)	Baci	llus		(i)	Clon	ing vector		(d) Third trophic level					(iv)	Grass
		thur	ingien	sis	s				Sele	ct the <b>c</b>	correc	<b>t</b> optic	n:		
	(b)	Ther	$\cdot mus$		(ii)	Cons	struction of			(a)	(b)	<b>(c)</b>	(d)		
		aque	aticus			first	rDNA		(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)		
						mole	cule		(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)		
	(c)	e) Agrobacterium (iii)				DNA	polymerase		(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)		
		tume	efacien	s					(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)		
	(d)	Salmonella (iv) Cry proteins typhimurium					159.						itating	g loss of water	
	Sele	ct the c	corre	ct optic	on fron	the fo	ollowing:		in lic	uid for	rm froi	n the t	ip of gr		ades at night
		(a)	(b)	<b>(c)</b>	(d)				and in early morning is:						
	(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)				(1)		bition				
	(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)				(2)		molysi				
	(3)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)				(3)	Tran	spirat	ion			
	(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)				(4)	Root	pressu	ire			

- **160.** Choose the **correct** pair from the following:
  - (1) Nucleases Separate the two strands of DNA
  - (2) Exonucleases Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
  - (3) Ligases Join the two DNA molecules
  - (4) Polymerases Break the DNA into fragments
- **161.** The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features :
  - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
  - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
  - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
  - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- (1) Dicotyledonous stem
- (2) Dicotyledonous root
- (3) Monocotyledonous stem
- (4) Monocotyledonous root
- **162.** Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :
  - (1) Boveri
  - (2) Morgan
  - (3) Mendel
  - (4) Sutton
- **163.** Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to:
  - (1) Plant nematodes
  - (2) Insect predators
  - (3) Insect pests
  - (4) Fungal diseases
- 164. Select the correct statement.
  - (1) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
  - (2) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
  - (3) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
  - (4) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.

- **165.** The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is:
  - (1) 5' CTTAAG 3'
    - 3' GAATTC 5'
  - (2) 5' GGATCC 3'
    - 3' CCTAGG 5'
  - (3) 5' GAATTC 3'
    - 3' CTTAAG 5'
    - 5' GGAACC 3'

(4)

- 3' CCTTGG 5'
- **166.** Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :
  - (1) Cellulose, lecithin
  - (2) Inulin, insulin
  - (3) Chitin, cholesterol
  - (4) Glycerol, trypsin
- **167.** The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:
  - (1) Ammonia and oxygen
  - (2) Ammonia and hydrogen
  - (3) Ammonia alone
  - (4) Nitrate alone
- **168.** Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
  - (1) Low concentration of LH
  - (2) Low concentration of FSH
  - (3) High concentration of Estrogen
  - (4) High concentration of Progesterone
- **169.** Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata?
  - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
  - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
  - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
  - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla: Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
  - (1) (a) and (b)
  - (2) (b) and (c)
  - (3) (d) and (c)
  - (4) (c) and (a)

F3

- **170.** Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by:
  - (1) Aschelminthes
  - (2) Annelida
  - (3) Ctenophora
  - (4) Platyhelminthes
- **171.** Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity?
  - (1) Himalayas
  - (2) Amazon forests
  - (3) Western Ghats of India
  - (4) Madagascar
- 172. Select the correct match.
  - (1) Sickle cell anaemia Autosomal

recessive trait, chromosome-11

- (2) Thalassemia X linked
- (3) Haemophilia Ylinked
- (4) Phenylketonuria Autosomal dominant trait
- **173.** Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?
  - (1) Lectin
  - (2) Insulin
  - (3) Haemoglobin
  - (4) Collagen
- **174.** Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
  - (1) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
  - (2) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
  - (3) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
  - (4) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
- **175.** In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
  - (1) wind and water
  - (2) insects and water
  - (3) insects or wind
  - (4) water currents only

- **176.** In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of :
  - (1) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
  - (2) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
  - (3) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
  - (4) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
- **177.** Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
  - (1) Defence action
  - (2) Effect on reproduction
  - (3) Nutritive value
  - (4) Growth response
- 178. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits?
  - (1) 14

21

- (2) 8
- (3) 4
- (4) 2
- **179.** Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
  - (1) Mortality
  - (2) Species interaction
  - (3) Sex ratio
  - (4) Natality
- **180.** Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
  - (1) High reflection of light from snow
  - (2) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
  - (3) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
  - (4) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation

**F**3 **22** 

Space For Rough Work

23

**F3** 

Space For Rough Work

 $\mathbf{F3}$ 24 Space For Rough Work